



**IISTA**

instituto Interuniversitario de Investigación  
del Sistema Tierra en Andalucía



**UNIVERSIDAD  
DE GRANADA**



# ACTRIS CCRES

Droplet size comparison from different  
retrieval algorithms: A case study at  
Cloudnet Granada station

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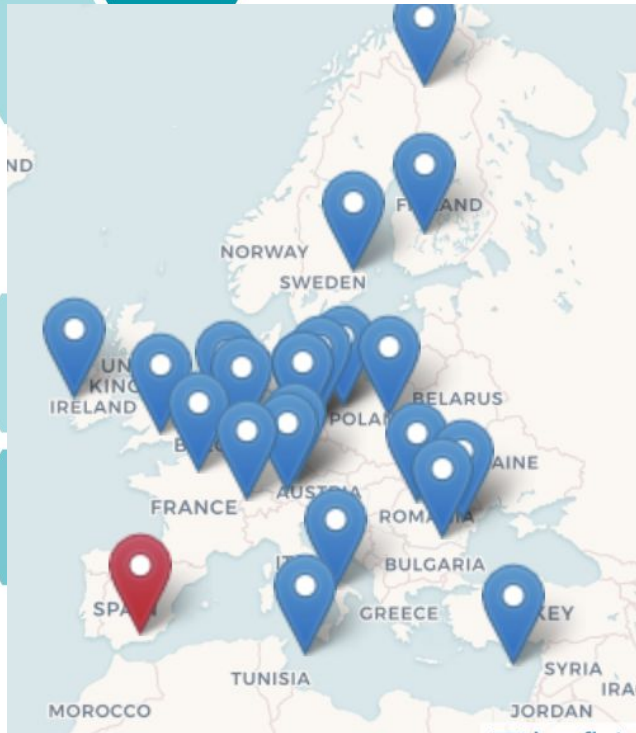
*CCRES/CLU Workshop, Matera – November 7<sup>th</sup>, 2024*

# Motivation

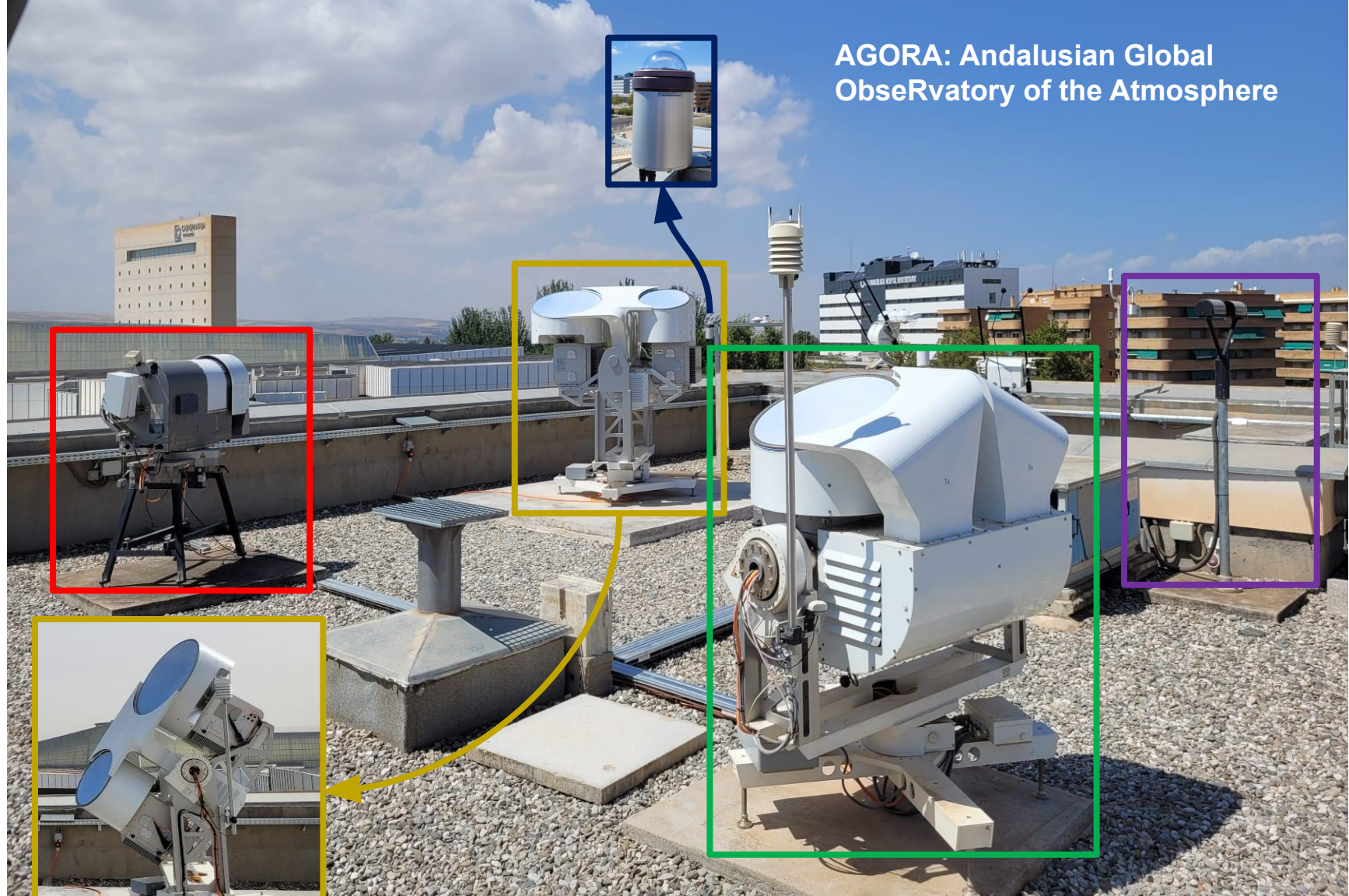
- **Accurate cloud microphysics are needed to enhance the estimation of their radiative effect**
- **Quantify differences between retrievals to identify their limitations**
  - **Trustful reflectivity is crucial, anything else?**



# AGORA ACTRIS CCRES station (Granada Station)



Available in  
CLOUDNET



AGORA: Andalusian Global  
ObseRvatory of the Atmosphere

Scanning  
capability

**HATPRO-G2**

RPG Dual frequency cloud  
radar (35,94GHz)

Sky camera

**RPG 94-GHz Cloud  
radar**

Disdrometer  
Parsivel OTT<sup>2</sup>

# Instruments and products for microphysical retrieval

**RPG HATPRO – G2**



<b>Bands</b>	22-31 GHz (K-band) 51-58 GHz (V-band)
<b>Measured</b>	Brightness Temperature
<b>Product</b>	Liquid water path (LWP)

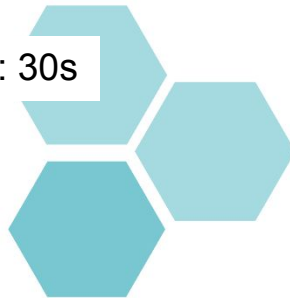
**RPG FMCW Dual frequency – 35 – 94 radar**



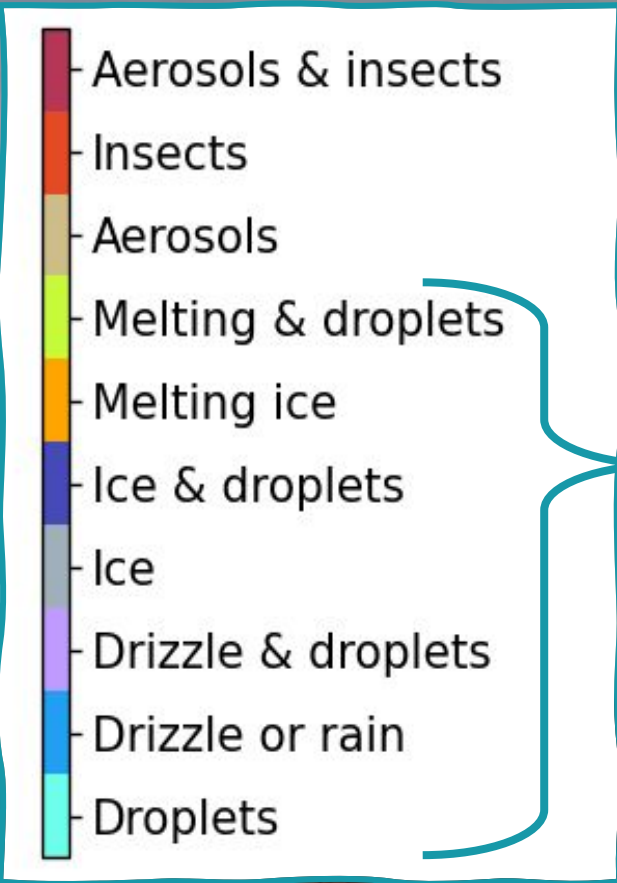
<b>Bands</b>	35 (Ka band) 94 GHz (W band)
<b>Measured</b>	Doppler velocity spectra (DVS)
<b>Product</b>	Reflectivity (Z)

	Range (m)	
<b>Chirp 1</b>	100 - 600	25.6
<b>Chirp 2</b>	600 - 2,000	26.5
<b>Chirp 3</b>	2,000 -12,000	37.7

Time (cloudnet): 30s

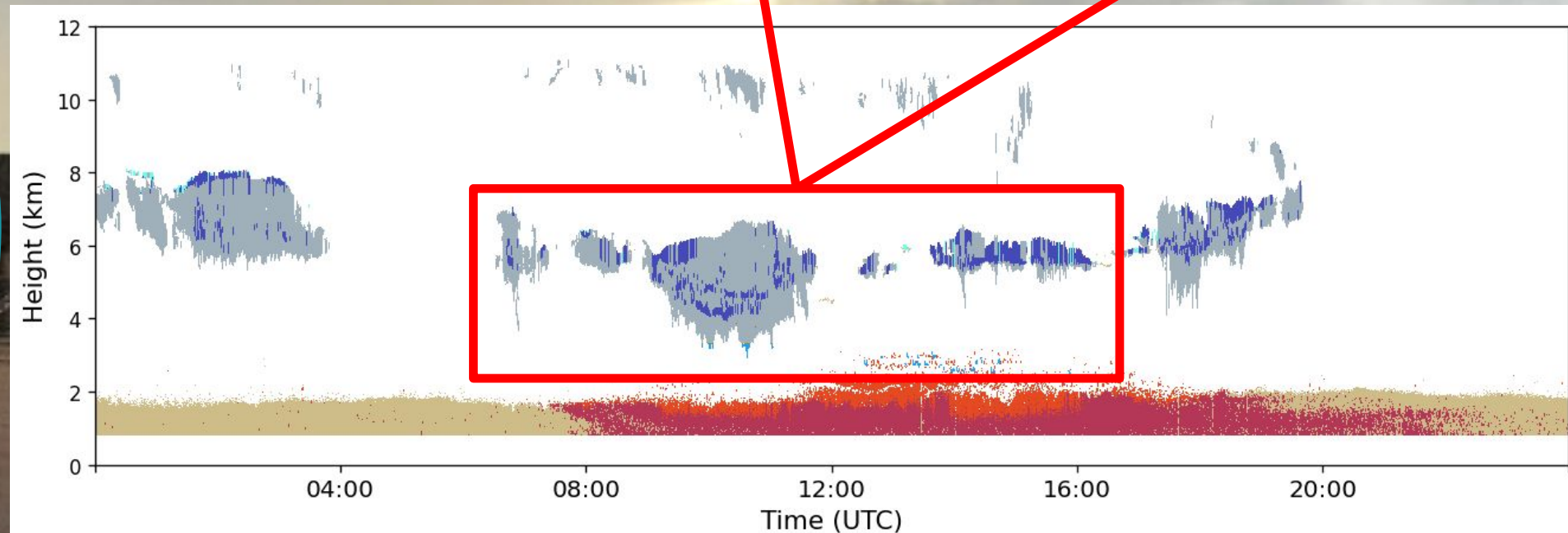
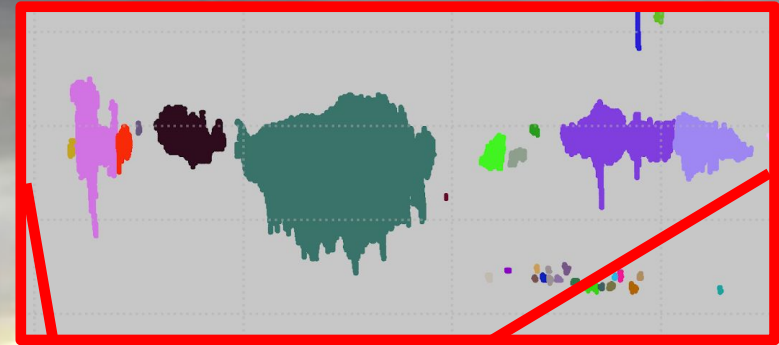


# Cloud classification by cloudnet target classification

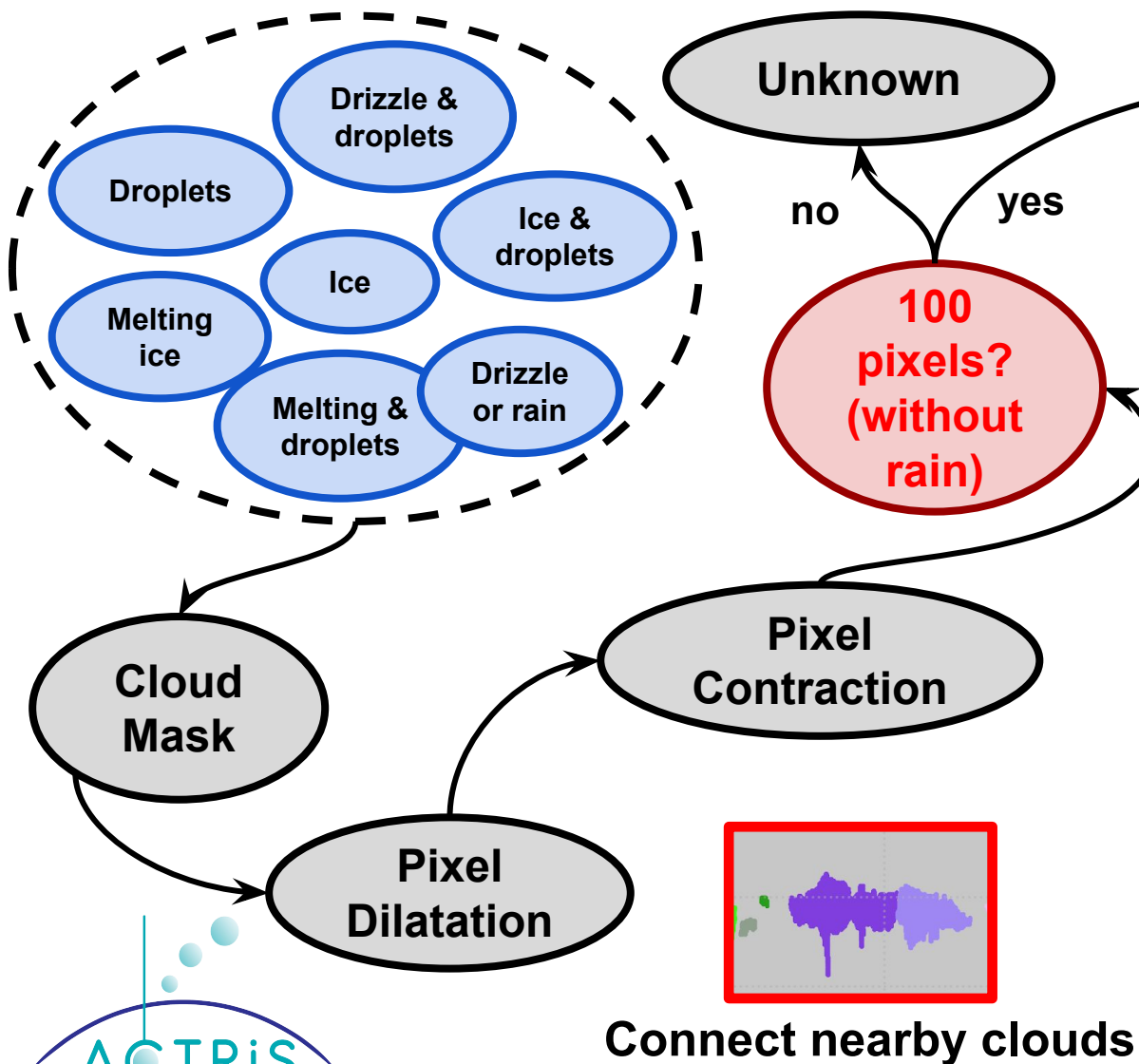


*Hydrometeors*

*Clusters of hydrometeors*



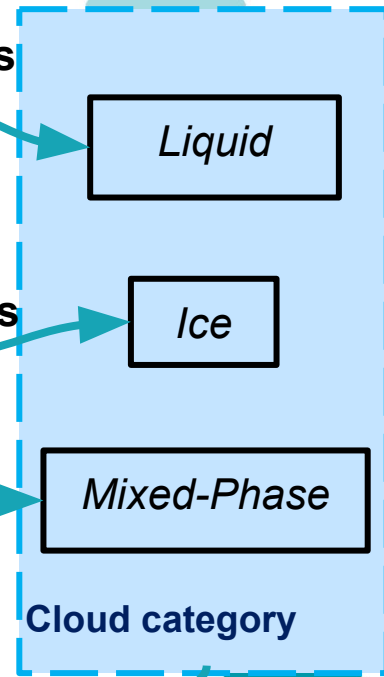
# Cloud classification by Hydrometeor cluster



## Cluster Classification

Nomenclature:  
P(X) = percentage of X

- 1)  $P(\text{Droplets}) + P(\text{Drizzle \& Droplets}) > 70\%$
- 2)  $P(\text{Ice}) > 90\%$  **or**  $P(\text{Ice \& Droplets}) + P(\text{Droplets}) < 10\%$
- 3) 10 pixels of "Drizzle or rain"



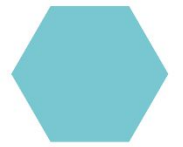
Precipitating - cloud category

Multi layer clouds were filtered out

M. Tolentino et al.,  
in preparation

# Microphysical retrievals

Applied to liquid pixels: Droplets, Drizzle & Droplets, Ice & Droplets



Method	Equation	Assumptions	Default	Reference
Cloudnet	$r_e(\mathbf{h}) = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{Z(\mathbf{h})}{N} \right)^{1/6} \exp(-0.5\sigma_x^2)$	Lognormal, $f(r;N,\sigma_x)$ N and $\sigma_x$ are const with h	Z (W-band) N = 200 #/cm3 $\sigma_x = 0.35$	Frisch et al., 2002



# Droplet effective radius comparison



## DSD parameters from Fog-Monitor (02/2023)

Lognormal:  $N = 150 \text{ \#/cm}^{-3}$ ,  $\sigma_x = 0.28$

Gamma:  $\nu = 13.4$

### Cloudnet corrected

$N = 150 \text{ \#/cm}^{-3}$   
 $\sigma_x = 0.28$

X Default

### Cloudnet scaled corrected

$N = 150 \text{ \#/cm}^{-3}$   
 $\sigma_x = 0.28$

X Default

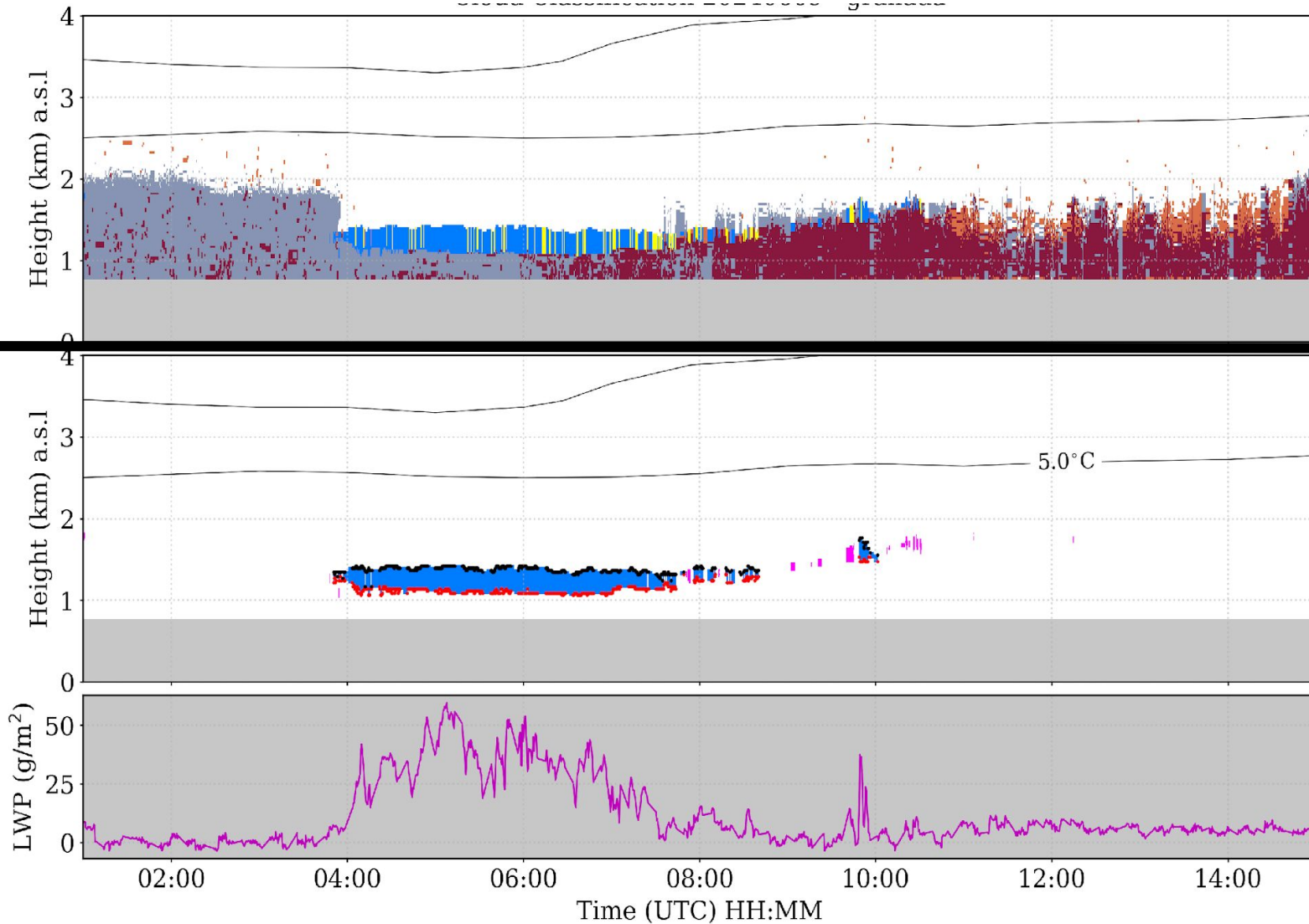
### Knist

$\nu = 13.4$



# Droplet effective radius assesment

## Liquid cloud (09/06/2024)



- No Data
- Aerosol & insect
- Insect
- Aerosol
- Melting & droplets
- Melting ice
- Ice & droplets
- Ice
- Drizzle & droplets
- Drizzle or rain
- Droplets
- Clear sky

- Noise
- Mixed-Phase-Precipitable
- Mixed-Phase
- Ice-Precipitable
- Ice
- Liquid-Precipitable
- Liquid
- No Cloud

**Cloudbnet target classification**

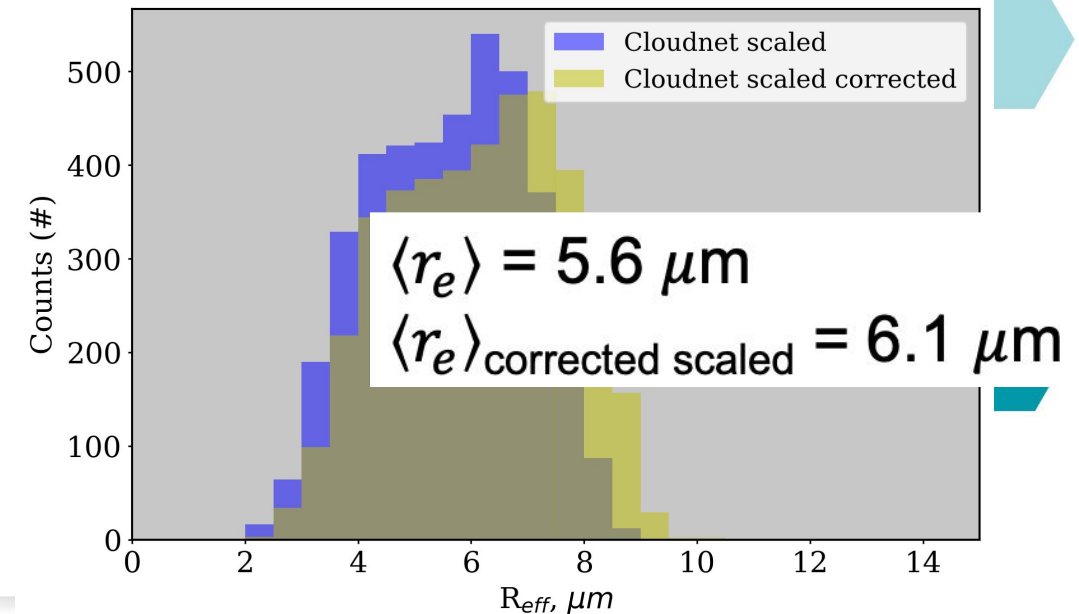
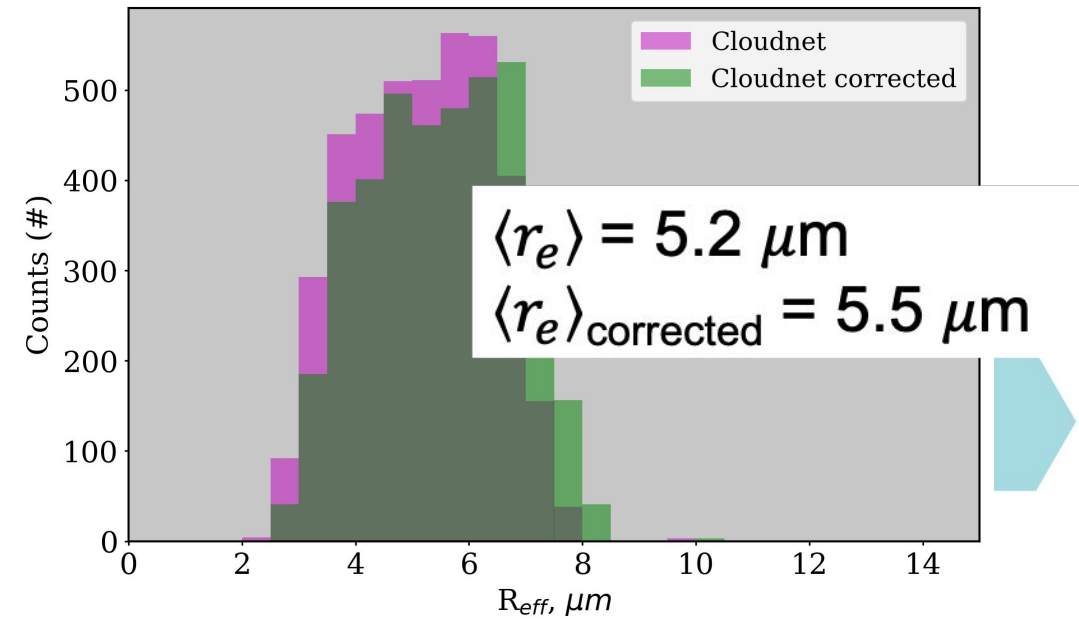
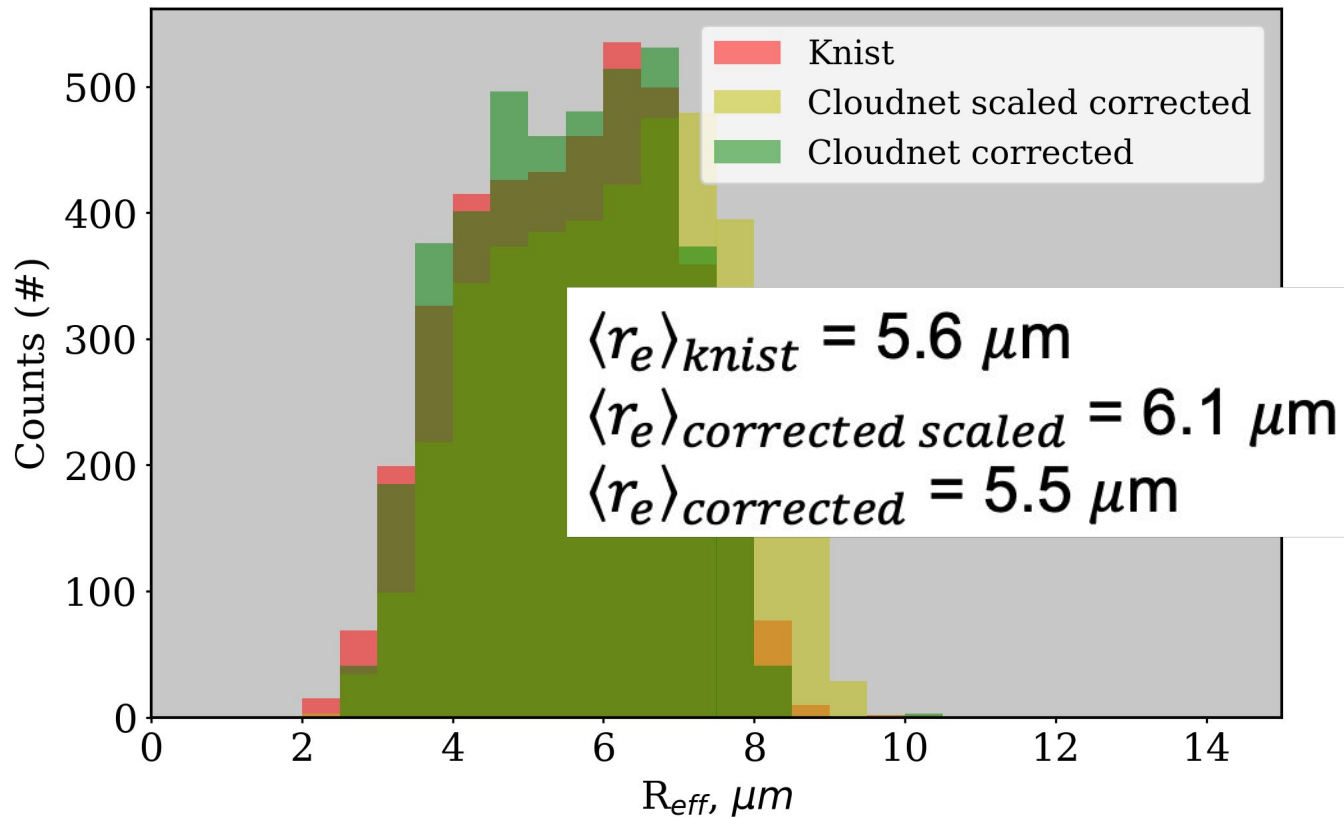
**Cloud classification from cluster classification**

**Liquid clouds are made of "Droplets" and "Drizzle & Droplets"**

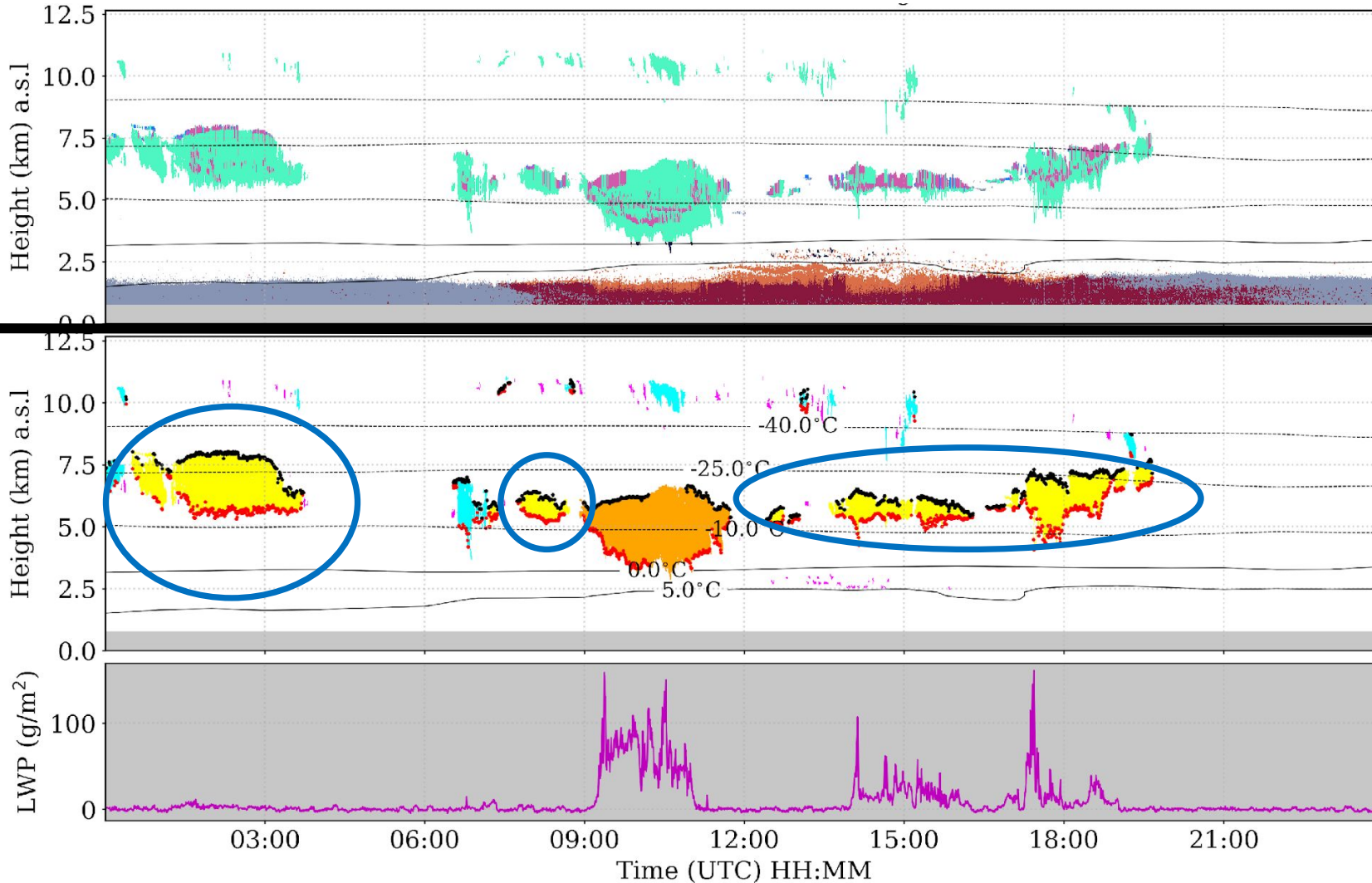
# Liquid cloud (09/07/2024)

Retrieval applied to “Droplets” and “Drizzle & Droplets”

Droplet effective radius from different retrievals are similar



# Mixed phase cloud (02/04/2024)



- No Data
- Aerosol & insect
- Insect
- Aerosol
- Melting & droplets
- Melting ice
- Ice & droplets
- Ice
- Drizzle & droplets
- Drizzle or rain
- Droplets
- Clear sky

- Noise
- Mixed-Phase-Precipitable
- Mixed-Phase
- Ice-Precipitable
- Ice
- Liquid-Precipitable
- Liquid
- No Cloud

Cloudnet target classification

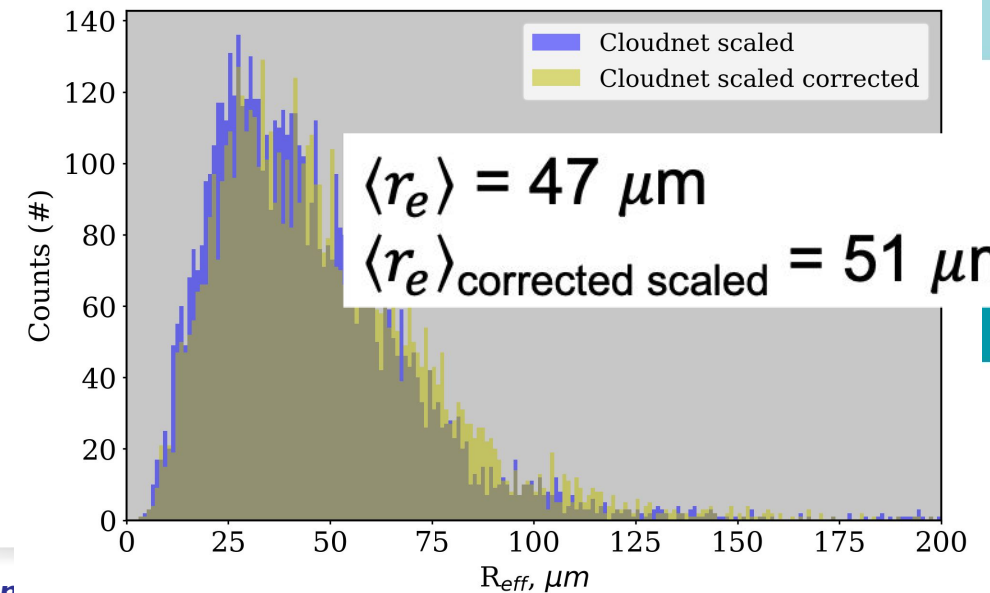
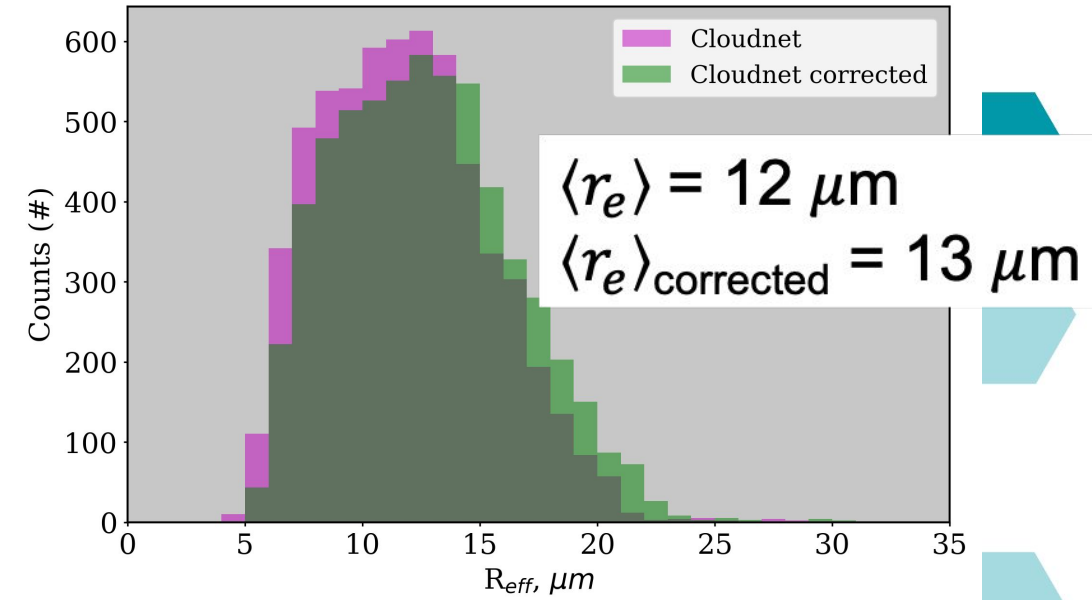
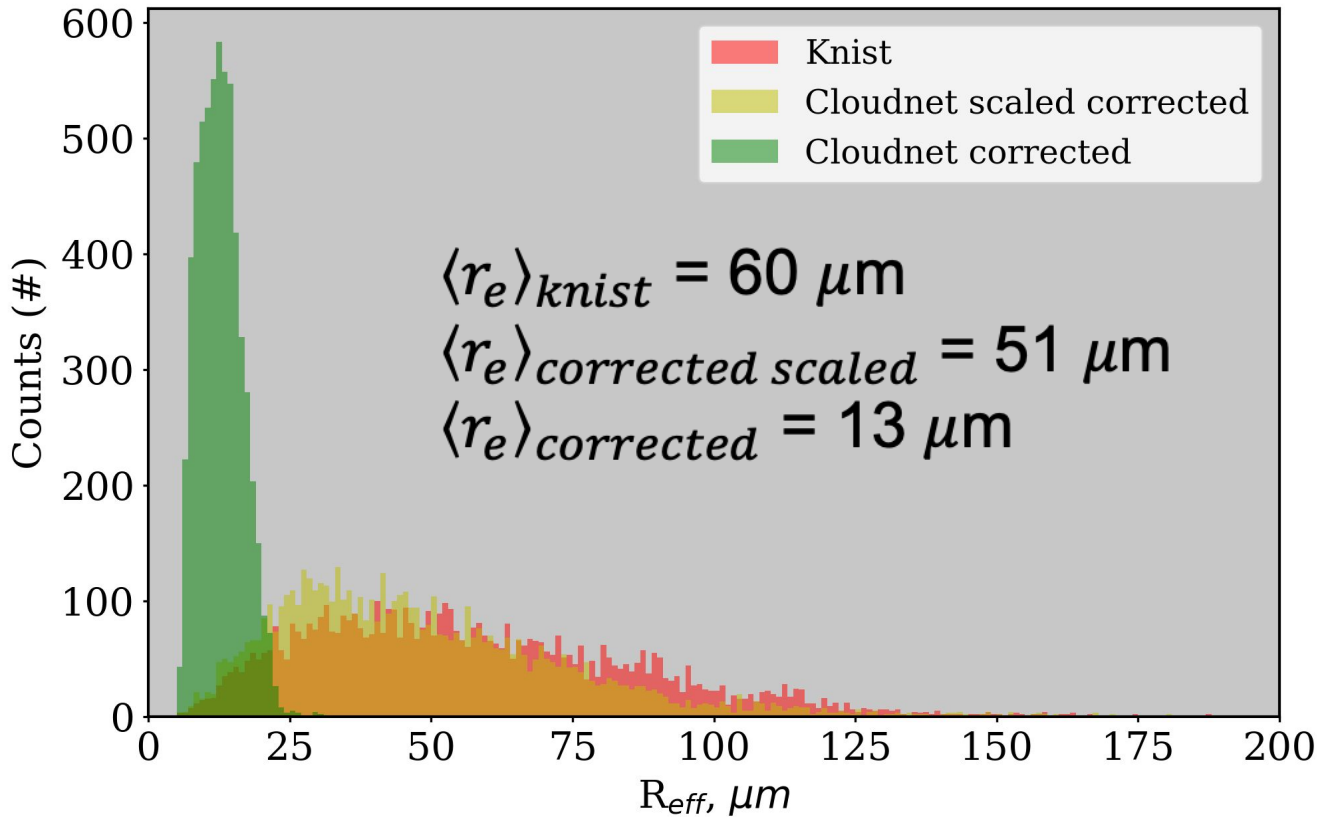
Cloud classification from cluster classification

Mixed phase clouds are made of "Ice" and "Ice & Droplets"

# Mixed phase cloud (02/04/2024)

## Retrieval applied to "Ice & Droplets"

- Large discrepancies between retrievals using only Z and those using both Z and LWP
- Droplet  $r_e$  in Ice & Droplet pixels present large discrepancies



# Concluding Remarks

Cloud droplets effective radius retrieval comparison between different algorithms were evaluated for liquid and mixed-phase clouds

- Cloudnet default (LWP scaled and not scaled) x Cloudnet with DSD parameters from Fog-Monitor
  - Default parameters of DSD in Cloudnet are valid for the Granada station



**Thank you**